

# PISCATAWAY TOWNSHIIP SCHOOLS <br> OFFICE OF PUPIL SERVICES 

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## PARENT/GUARDIAN - SCHOOL RELATIONSHIP



Parental Rights in Special Education (PRISE)

## Resources:

PISCATAWAY


Now lersey Department of Education Office of Special Education

The NEW Parental Rights in Special Education (anticipated in 2023)
https://www.nj.gov/education/ specialed/parents/index.shtml


| Grade 6 | Grade 7 | Grade 8 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Unit 1 - Area and Surface Area | Unit 1 - Scale Drawings | Unit 1 - Rigid Transformations and Congruence |
| Unit 2 - Introducing Ratios | Unit 2 - Proportional Relationships | Unit 2 - Dilations, Similarities and Introducing Slope |
| Unit 3 -Unit Rates and Percentages | Unit 3 - Measuring Circles | Unit 3 - Proportional and Linear Relationships |
| Unit 4 - Dividing Fractions | Unit 4 - Percentages | Unit 4 - Linear Equations and Linear Systems |
| Unit 5 - Decimal Arithmetic | Unit 5 - Negative and Positive Numbers | Unit 5 - Functions and Volume |
| Unit 6 - Expressions and Equations | Unit 6 - Expressions and Equations | Unit 6 - Associations in Data |
| Unit 7 - Positive and Negative Numbers | Unit 7 - Angles, Triangles, and Prisms | Unit 7 - Exponents and Scientific Notation |
| Unit 8 - Describing Data | Unit 7 Probability and Sampling | Unit 8 - The Pythagorean Theorem and Irrational Numbers |

## Using Phenomena to teach Next Generation Science Standards



## The Cone of Learning

## After 2 weeks.

I see and I forget. I hear and I remember. I do and I understand. - Confucius we tend to remember .o.

- $10 \%$ of what we READ
- $20 \%$ of what we HEAR
- $30 \%$ of what we SEE

Watching a Movie Looking at an Exhibit Watching a Demonstration Seeing It Done on Location

## Participating in a Discussion

 Giving a TalkDoing a Dramatic Presentation Simulating the Real Experience Doing the Real Thing

- $50 \%$ of what we SEE \& HEAR
- $70 \%$ of what we SAY
- $90 \%$ of what we SAY \& DO


## 6 Senses to Address in

## Multisensory Teaching

## Vision (sight) Auditory (hearing) Gustatory (taste) Olfaction (smell)

Vestibular (balance/movement)
Somatic sensation (touch)

By davinusay
$7^{\text {th }}$ sense:

## Proprioception

(the sense of where you are compared to your surroundings)

Examples of our proprioception in practice include being able to: - clap our hands together with our eyes closed, - write with a pencil and apply with correct pressure,

- navigate through a narrow space.
- judge distances so we don't run into things


## HOW DO WE TEACH?

$+$
-
$+-$

Using a highlighter to identify needed info.


Color coding

Drawing a pieture of the problem


Using sports or games to act out or visualize a problem

## Original Problem

## EXAMPLE 1 Draw a dilation with a scale factor greater than 1

Draw a dilation of quadrilateral $A B C D$ with vertices $A(2,1), B(4,1), C(4,-1)$, and $D(1,-1)$. Use a scale factor of 2 .

## SOLUTION

First draw $A B C D$. Find the dilation of each vertex by multiplying its coordinates by 2 . Then draw the dilation.

$$
\begin{aligned}
(x, y) & \rightarrow(2 x, 2 y) \\
A(2,1) & \rightarrow L(4,2) \\
B(4,1) & \rightarrow M(8,2) \\
C(4,-1) & \rightarrow N(8,-2) \\
D(1,-1) & \rightarrow P(2,-2)
\end{aligned}
$$



## Revised Problem

## EXAMPLE 1

Draw a dilation of quadrilateral $A B C D$ with vertices $A(2,1), B(4,1), C(4,-1)$, and $D(1,-1)$. Use a scale factor of 2 .

## SOLUTION

1) First draw $A B C D$
2) Find the dilation of point B (multiply by the scale factor)
3) Plot or locate that point and label it M

$$
\begin{aligned}
(x, y) & \rightarrow(2 x, 2 y) \\
B(4,1) & \rightarrow M(8,2)
\end{aligned}
$$

Then continuing with remaining points.


## Combining Like Terms in an Equation

$$
\begin{gathered}
7 x-2-5 x+8=30 \\
0 r \\
7 x-2-5 x+8=30
\end{gathered}
$$

Revised problem
$7 x-2-5 x+8=30$

## Original

## Drawing Shapes on a Coordinate Grid

Plot the point and join them in the given order. Complete the figure by connecting the end points. Identify the shape formed.

1) $(7,8),[9,6],(8,3),(6,3),(5,6]$
2) $[5,8],(9,4),(5,1)$


Shape: $\qquad$
3) $\{1,6),(4,9),(4,0),(1,3)$


Shape: $\qquad$ -
5) $(4,8),(7,8),(7,5),(4,5)$


Shape: $\qquad$


Shape: $\qquad$
4) $(4,6),(9,6),(8,3),(3,3)$


Shape: $\qquad$
6) $(2,7),(9,7),(9,4),(2,4)$


Shape: $\qquad$

## Drawing Shapes on a Coordinate Grid

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1) $(7,8),(9,6),(8,3),(6,3),(5,6)$


Shape: $\qquad$
2) $(5,8),(9,4),(5,1)$


Shape: $\qquad$

## Have your onild dectrmine what is the hetier ical? (Unit raite) <br> Have your child measure ingredients for a recipe. (measurement) <br> What would you do of you needed to doulble or reduce the recino? (Iraction operations)

 to calculate the total cost of items purchase? (10ecimal Operations)
## IN1

MATH PRACTICE FOR K-12

Counting, multiplication, geometry, calculus, and more!



Ask your child to determine sales tax or sale price based on the discount. (Percentages)

## Talk aloout what you see? "What do you notice ahout the sky todiay?"

## Explore and find the answers together.

HOW CAN IHELP?

Value their questions.

## Give childiren lime and space to explore. (know that it oan be measy at imes.)

Science


ThankYou!
Q\&A

